

# Regulations on the Prevention of Research Misconduct

International Graduate Program on Civil and Environmental Engineering, 28/04/2014

Researchers shall recognize that the independence and autonomy of academic research is upheld by public trust and the mandate of the society, and always judge and act with sincerity and honesty. Any research misconducts such as fabrication, falsification or plagiarism are strictly prohibited.

## **The following activities are strictly forbidden**

1. Using others' works such as figures, images, article paragraphs or even sentences in your works, including papers, reports, presentations etc., without noting their origins.
2. Plagiarizing backgrounds, introductions, summaries or other sections of previous studies from other papers.
3. Making up data or results in your works, and publishing research outcomes including those fake data or results.
4. Manipulating, omitting or altering data, images, or other research results, so that the research has an untruthful appearance, or generates a misleading conclusion.
5. Using others' cooperation, resources, ideas, processes, results, or advice without proper credit such as acknowledgement or co-authorship in your papers.
6. Publishing papers with substantially the same contents in more than one journal.
7. Adding the people without enough contribution to authors, or omitting those with significant contribution.
8. Presenting any untruthful achievement in research proposals or reports

## **The following ways shall be used to avoid being suspected as misconduct.**

1. Choosing approaches and methods in your study carefully, and confirming the reproducibility of your results.
2. Storing your data, records, and other materials produced in your study carefully, and keeping them even after you have published them.
3. Writing sentences and paragraphs in your own words when introducing or summarizing previous studies in your paper.
4. Indicating any sentences, ideas, data, images or other materials quoted from previous studies in your paper.
5. Obtaining permission and authorization from your supervisor and co-authors before submitting your papers to any journals or conferences.